# HALF-LIFE SIMULATION

### PURPOSE

To develop an understanding of the concept of half-life and radioactive decay.

## EQUIPMENT

Shoe box and lid or other container Pennies M & M's Brass fasteners Graph paper

### PROCEDURE

- 1. Before beginning this activity, count the total number of pennies or M & M s in the container. Record this number.
- 2. With the lid on, shake the box/container several times. Remove the lid and remove all pennies with the head side up. If you are using M & M's, remove those that have the "M" side up. Count how many objects are removed and record this in a data table. Do not put the objects back in the box.
- 3. Repeat Step 2 over and over until one or no objects remain in the box. Record the number of objects removed each time in a data table.
- 4. Calculate how many objects remained in the box after each shake and record this in the data table.
- Repeat steps 1-4 using brass fasteners instead of pennies or M & M's. When using brass fasteners, after each shake, remove those fasteners that are point end up.
- 6. For each type of object used, graph the number of objects remaining (vertical axis) versus the number of shakes (horizontal axis). Draw a smooth line/curve that best fits the points for each set of data.

## ANALYSIS

- 1. According to your graph, approximately how many pennies or M & M's were removed after each shake? Why?
- 2. According to your graph, approximately how many brass fasteners were removed after each shake? Why?
- 3. Each type of material (pennies, M & M's, brass fasteners) represents a different radioisotope. What does this lab suggest about the half-life of various radioisotopes?

